The trip to Yarmouk Forest Reserve is 115 km and it takes 2 hours. From Amman go to Irbid following the signs. Once you reach, Jordan University of Science and Technology go left through Petra St. for (16 km) toward Thaqafah Circle, take the first exist toward Hakama circle for (7.5 km). From Hakama circle take the third exit toward Bayada Square for (2.5 km), and then go right toward Sama Al-Rousan traffic light. Keep straight toward Malka traffic light and finally keep straight toward Umm Qais following the signs.
opportunities for interaction and fellowship, in a way that nothing Country's food tells the story of its people and provides Forest Reserve, among them the Kotschy's gecko (Mediodactylus In addition, 19 species of reptiles were recorded at Yarmouk 18 mammalian species has been recorded, among them: Stone Tulip (Tulipa systola), Christ's thorn (Ziziphus spina-christi) and Purple Clover (Trifolium purpureum), Romanian Olive tree (Olea inside the reserve, some of them are rare species such as: the The studies shows that there are more than 568 plant species Cultivated Aleppo Pine. Fresh Water Vegetation type, Non - idiotic type, and the type of average rainfall of 400-600 mm/ year. Yarmouk Forest Reserve is located within the Mediterranean Yarmouk Forest Reserve is located in the northwestern part Yarmouk Forest Reserve Centre at Al- Mansoura, leading you through the valley to the Army trenches and an artillery point from the 1860s. The path begins at an easy semi-level mountain range with simple ramps and slopes, passing through over 50% of the superficies of the Yarmouk Forest Reserve. Throughout your journey, you will have the opportunity to discover a rich variety of plants and trees such as the Oak tree forests. The hike takes you through rocky terrain, covering over 50% of the superficies of the Yarmouk Forest Reserve. During the walk, you will encounter some annual plants and trees such as the Hawthorn, the Rhamnus and the Deciduous Oak; in addition to the interesting variety of plants such as the iris; and trees such as the Calicotome, horse chestnut, Wild almond, the Feijoa, the Muntamra natural springs. As you walk, the beauty of the Deciduous Oak forest seems to be in every spot of some woodland vegetation and their altitude will enchant you. The track also provides you with the opportunity to avoid walks between thick stone zones, dating back to different ages. In addition, the path is designed to offer an easy way of walking among many trees throughout different periods. As you reach the end of the trail, you can enjoy a magnificent view of the Golan Heights, the lake of Tiberias and the Shorbagh River, before reaching your final destination at the Mukhaiba village.